

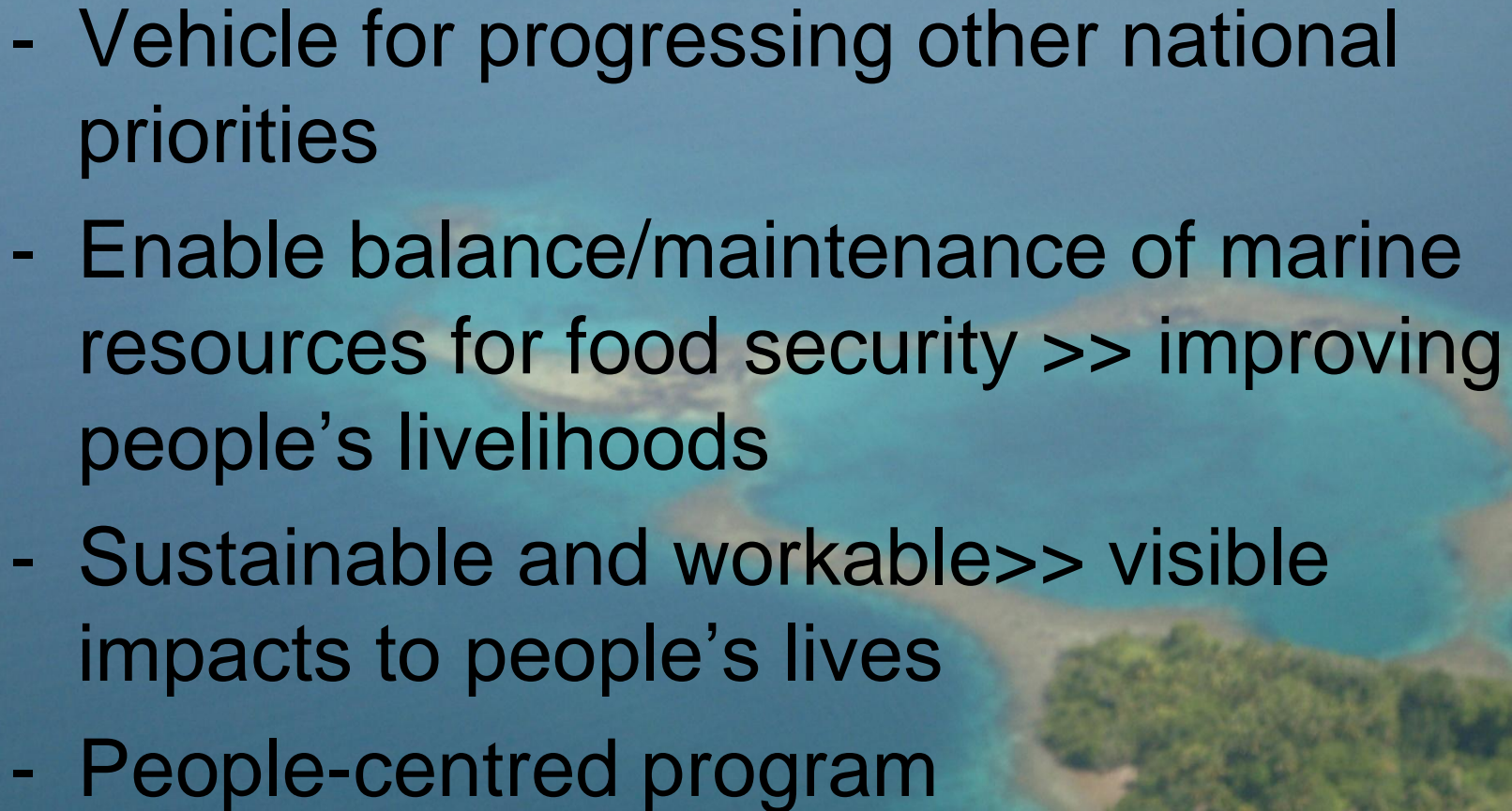


# SOLOMON ISLANDS

## National CTI Program

*Presenter: Agnetha Vave-Karamui*  
*Environment & Conservation Division*  
*Ministry of Environment, Conservation & Meteorology*  
*18 November 2008*

# Overall Vision for National CTI Program

- Vehicle for progressing other national priorities
  - Enable balance/maintenance of marine resources for food security >> improving people's livelihoods
  - Sustainable and workable>> visible impacts to people's lives
  - People-centred program
- 
- An aerial photograph of a tropical island, likely in the Pacific or Indian Ocean. The island is small and oval-shaped, covered in dense green vegetation. It is surrounded by a shallow lagoon with clear, turquoise water, which transitions into a deeper blue ocean. A coral reef is visible, creating a shallow area around the island. The sky is a clear, pale blue.



# NATIONAL GOALS & TARGETS

## GOALS:

1. International commitments, obligations & collaborations are enhanced and complemented e.g. UN Conventions, Multi/Bi-lateral Agreements, and the Millennium Development Goals
2. Marine systems & Resources are protected, sustainable managed and maintained>> Resilience against natural & manmade threats is increased.
2. Strong legislative & policy frameworks are in place
3. Adaptation Framework is in place
4. Management Plans for threatened species are developed and implemented
5. Strengthened capacity (national government, provincial & local)> manpower, skills & knowledge, etc.



## Targets

- Strong legislative, policy & regulatory frameworks in place (Climate Change Adaptation, EAFM, MPAs, Seascapes, Marine Biodiversity-NBSAP, PoWPA, NAPA, CBFMS)
- Marine & Coastal Resources are sustainably managed (LMMAs, Fisheries Act revision, EIAs)
- Sustainable trade (shared benefits/access - Live reef fish, ornamentals, tuna, CITES exports)



## National actions

- Enhance SI involvement in BSSE

- Legislation for PAs (MPA)

- National surveys (baseline info)> Management Plans

- National Adaptation Plan for CC (Coastal protection, fisheries & marine resources, capacity)



# Priority Actions

- Biodiversity value & importance (NBSAP)
- Data collection, storage, analysis & disseminated for decision makers, users & public
- Marine Protected Areas formally recognized (PoWPA)
- Climate Change issues mainstreamed to all sectors
- Revision of the Fisheries Act > updated to include EAFM, establishment of PAs,
- Live reef fish trade

# Priority Actions (cont.)

- Capacity building programs developed & implemented for 5 themes
- Emphasis on alternative, sustainable livelihoods
- Financial capacity (investment attraction, financial management, accountability)

# Major Science and Information Needs for Management

- Technical Expertise (policy and economic analysts, scientists and researchers, project planning & management etc,)
- Increased number of qualified skilled personnel across a broad range of fields
- Need Effective & Efficient Information Systems>> current systems absent or poorly managed and maintained



# Major Science and Information Needs for Management (cont.)

- Need effective coordination mechanism in place between national inter-government ministries/depts; NGOs, private sector
- Equipments, infrastructure >> for data and information storage, analysis, and sharing.

# Major Governance and Institutional Needs

- Management Framework of CTI Implementation
- Legislation/Policy sometimes absent or vague; translation to practical actions unclear > lack of tangible results; lack of enforcement
- Capacity for regular monitoring/evaluation
- National-driven programmes
- Sustainability of Programmes (financing & ability of Government to absorb assistance, capacity issues)
- Ability to ensure coordinated & complementary activities are undertaken >> avoid duplication in implementing national priorities